Functionalized silica adsorbents for pollution capture in museum storage

Part of the APACHE EU Project: Active & intelligent Packaging materials and display cases as a tool for preventive conservation of Cultural Heritage



- 1 Chalmers University of Technology, Division of Applied Chemistry, Gothenburg, Sweden
- 2 Nouryon Pulp and Performance Chemicals AB, Gothenburg, Sweden





Current issue:

Airborne pollutants in museum storage environments pose a major threat to the longevity of collection objects. Adsorbents can be used to reduce pollutants, but there is a lack of affordable products designed specifically for cultural heritage.

Airborne pollutants known to deteriorate museum objects		
Acetic acid	Formaldehyde	Hydrogen sulfide
Formic acid	Sulfur dioxide	Ozone
Acetaldehyde	Nitrogen dioxide	

Objectives:

Preventiv

Current step

Develop an adsorbent tailored to capture pollutants known to deteriorate museum objects

Analyze adsorbent effectiveness in laboratory and field tests – determine optimal material

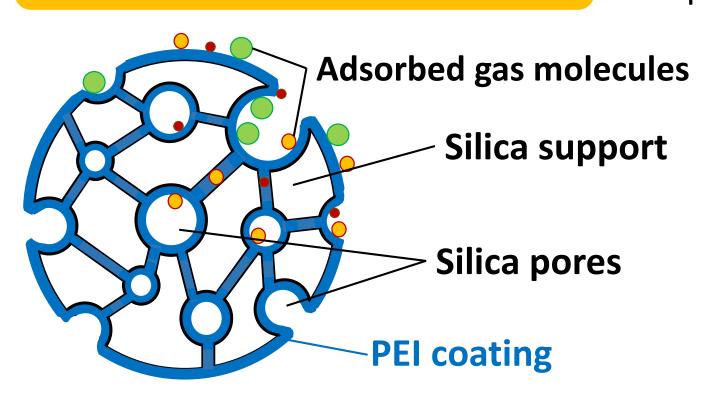
Incorporate optimized adsorbent into affordable end-product materials (e.g. coatings, foams)

The APACHE Project focuses on developing new materials and intelligent enclosures to detect and prevent unsuitable environments for cultural heritage. The project is funded by the European Commission (Grant Agreement 814496).



Adsorbent Development:

A silica gel adsorbent is physically loaded with polyethylenimine (PEI) to coat the pore surfaces.



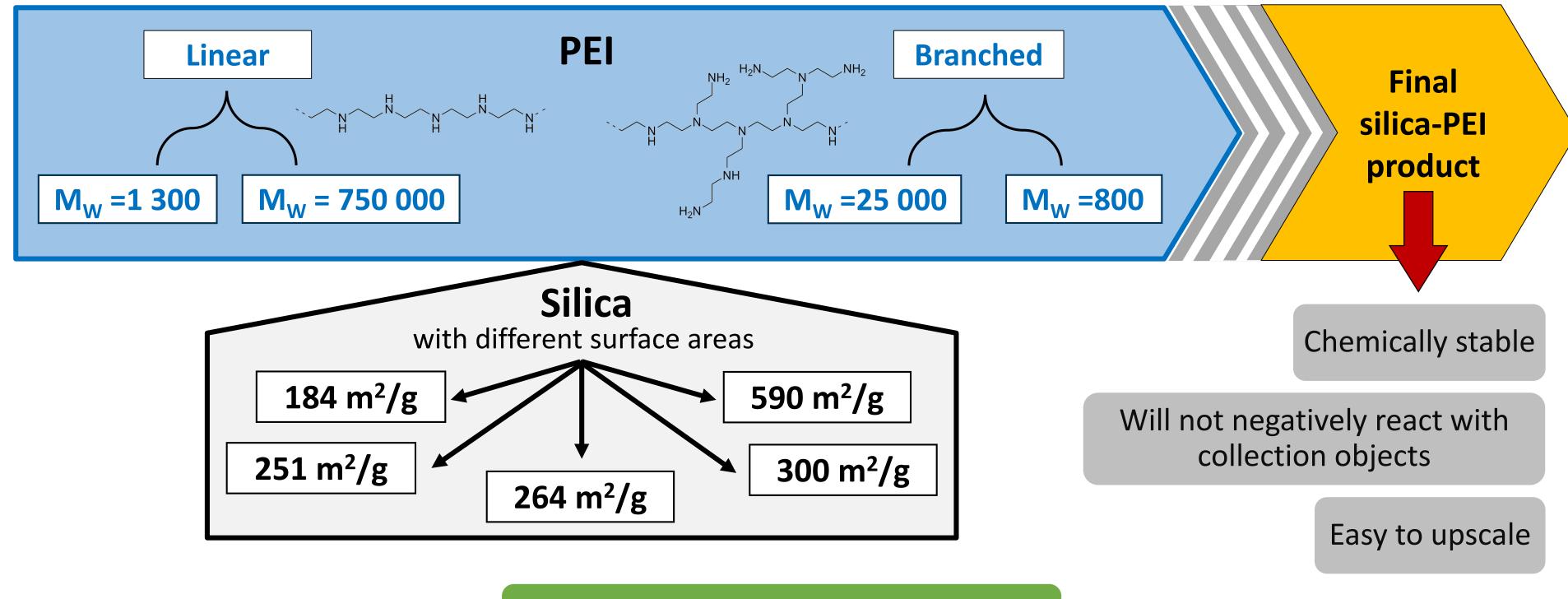
Why silica gel?

- Porous material: high surface area for efficient adsorption
- Affordable and readily available
- Chemically inert material

Why PEI?

- Captures a range of acidic gases, including many pollutants known to deteriorate museum objects
- Easy to physically load onto silica
- Affordable and readily available

Currently investigating five different types of silica gel and four different types of PEI loaded at varying percentages:



Ongoing and future analysis

Lab tests:

- Surface area, post-loading (*Brunauer-Emmett-Teller*)
- Texture (scanning electron microscopy)
- Adsorption isotherms for 7 gases (in situ mass spectrometry)
- Adsorption mechanisms for 7 gases (in situ infrared spectroscopy)
- PEI loading (thermogravimetric analysis)

Field tests:

- Collaborations with cultural heritage institutions
- Measurements of air quality before and after adsorbent installation